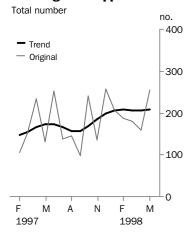


BUILDING APPROVALS

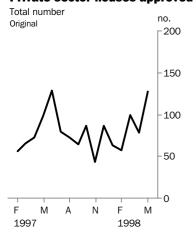
NORTHERN TERRITORY

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) WED 1 JULY 1998

Dwelling units approved



Private sector houses approved



■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact Merv Leaker on 08 8237 7585, or any ABS Office.

MAY KEY FIGURES

TREND ESTIMATES	May 1998	% change Apr 1998 to May 1998	% change May 1997 to May 1998
Dwelling units approved			
Total dwelling units	209	1.0	20.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •

May 1998	% change Apr 1998 to May 1998	% change May 1997 to May 1998
128	64.1	30.6
256	61.0	93.9
	128	May 1998 May 1998 128 64.1

MAY KEY POINTS

- The total number of dwelling units approved in May was 256. Of these 143 were houses (this includes the largest number of private sector houses approved since June 1997) and 113 were other dwellings.
- Palmerston accounted for most approvals with 81 new houses and 59 dwellings in other residential buildings.
- The value of residential building approved was \$36.5 million with \$32.8 million attributable to new work and \$3.7 million for alterations and additions.
- The value of non-residential building approved in May was \$39.9 million. Of this, the public sector categories of offices (\$14.2 million) and other business premises (\$9.3 million) contributed the most.
- There were four jobs valued at \$5 million or more and eight jobs valued between \$1 million and \$5 million.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES ISSUE RELEASE DATE June 1998 30 July 1998 July 1998 1 September 1998 1 October 1998 August 1998 CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE There are no changes in this issue. DATA NOTES There are no notes about the data for this issue. REVISIONS THIS MONTH Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates have been revised as a result of the annual reanalysis of seasonal factors.

ZIA ABBASI

Regional Director, Northern Territory

DWELLING UNITS APPROVED: Original and Trend

	HOUSE	S		OTHER	OTHER DWELLINGS(a)			TOTAL DWELLING UNITS			
	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Trend estimate	
Period	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
1994-95	879	161	1 040	563	58	621	1 442	219	1 661	n.a.	
1995-96	838	97	935	396	121	517	1 234	218	1 452	n.a.	
1996-97	909	203	1 112	837	38	875	1 746	241	1 987	n.a.	
11 months to May 1997	780	171	951	745	38	783	1 525	209	1 734	n.a.	
11 months to May 1998	858	269	1 127	796	81	877	1 654	350	2 004	n.a.	
1997											
March	66	22	88	53	10	63	119	32	151	155	
April	73	16	89	140	5	145	213	21	234	165	
May	98	6	104	28	0	28	126	6	132	173	
June	129	32	161	92	0	92	221	32	253	174	
July	80	3	83	54	0	54	134	3	137	165	
August	72	36	108	38	0	38	110	36	146	157	
September	64	9	73	23	2	25	87	11	98	156	
October	87	48	135	105	2	107	192	50	242	168	
November	43	26	69	66	0	66	109	26	135	184	
December	87	28	115	142	0	142	229	28	257	199	
1998											
January	63	41	104	103	0	103	166	41	207	207	
February	57	18	75	49	64	113	106	82	188	208	
March	99	22	121	58	0	58	157	22	179	207	
April	78	23	101	45	13	58	123	36	159	207	
May	128	15	143	113	0	113	241	15	256	209	

⁽a) See Glossary for definition.

VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED: Original

Period	New houses	New other residential building	Alterations & additions to residential buildings(a)	Total residential building	Non- residential building	Total building
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	PRIVA	TE SECTOR (\$'000)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
1994-95	84 947	63 327	21 640	169 914	98 145	268 058
1995-96	83 369	38 318	21 398	143 085	112 754	255 839
1996-97	108 382	70 015	20 162	198 558	153 401	351 959
11 months to May 1997	92 716	59 733	17 989	170 438	136 855	307 293
11 months to May 1998	108 426	86 219	17 596	212 241	81 460	293 701
1997						
March	8 838	3 649	1 317	13 804	2 736	16 539
April	9 554	11 173	2 155	22 881	5 988	28 869
May	12 479	1 716	1 716	15 911	2 639	18 550
June	15 666	10 283	2 172	28 121	16 546	44 667
July	10 510	4 731	1 819	17 060	8 928	25 988
August	9 487	4 731 3 757	1 681	14 924	6 852	25 988 21 776
_	9 48 <i>1</i> 8 484	1 458				
September			1 102	11 044	5 833	16 876
October	10 349	7 983	1 554	19 886	7 718	27 603
November	4 677	5 714	1 032	11 423	4 232	15 655
December	10 481	14 045	2 371	26 897	6 377	33 274
1998						
January	6 854	21 657	1 313	29 825	2 918	32 743
February	7 591	2 921	1 407	11 919	7 460	19 379
March	13 937	4 879	1 352	20 168	13 654	33 822
April	8 967	5 403	922	15 291	9 096	24 387
May	17 089	13 673	3 044	33 806	8 392	42 198
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	PUBLI	C SECTOR (\$'000)		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
1004.05	00.427	40.240	0.240	47.774	00.050	424.405
1994-95	29 137	10 319	8 318	47 774	86 352	134 125
1995-96	15 473	7 640	6 028	29 141	109 290	138 430
1996-97	29 083	2 337	3 180	34 600	87 848	122 448
11 months to May 1997	25 043	2 337	2 967	30 347	81 991	112 338
11 months to May 1998	37 790	8 224	8 137	54 151	137 090	191 241
1997						
March	2 160	580	721	3 461	498	3 960
April	1 992	453	393	2 838	13 666	16 504
May	1 116	0	150	1 266	7 490	8 755
June	4 041	0	213	4 253	5 857	10 110
July	524	0	65	589	22 710	23 299
August	5 731	0	260	5 990	3 683	9 673
September	1 525	295	0	1 820	3 505	5 325
October	7 234	150	750	8 134	15 938	24 071
November	2 820	0	22	2 841	400	3 241
December	4 072	0	200	4 272	19 751	24 023
1998	. 012	V	200	, _	10 101	_ , 020
January	5 758	0	473	6 231	13 454	19 684
February	2 741	6 479	2 812	12 031	12 099	24 130
March	2 767	0	2 812 654	3 421	1 273	4 693
April	2 767 2 539	1 300	2 245	3 421 6 084	12 801	
•						18 885
May	2 081	0	658	2 739	31 477	34 217

⁽a) Refer to Explanatory Notes paragraph 12.

Period	New houses	New other residential building	Alterations & additions to residential buildings(a)	Total residential building	Non- residential building	Total building
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •		OTAL (\$'000)	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
1994-95	114 085	73 645	29 958	217 688	184 496	402 184
1995-96	98 842	45 958	27 426	172 226	222 043	394 269
1996-97	137 465	72 352	23 341	233 159	241 249	474 407
11 months to May 1997	117 758	62 070	20 956	200 784	218 846	419 631
11 months to May 1998	146 215	94 443	25 734	266 392	218 550	484 942
1997						
March	10 998	4 229	2 038	17 265	3 234	20 499
April	11 546	11 626	2 548	25 719	19 654	45 373
May	13 595	1 716	1 866	17 177	10 129	27 305
June	19 707	10 283	2 385	32 374	22 402	54 777
July	11 034	4 731	1 884	17 649	31 638	49 287
August	15 217	3 757	1 940	20 914	10 535	31 449
September	10 009	1 753	1 102	12 863	9 338	22 201
October	17 583	8 133	2 304	28 019	23 655	51 675
November	7 497	5 714	1 054	14 264	4 632	18 896
December	14 553	14 045	2 571	31 169	26 128	57 297
1998						
January	12 612	21 657	1 786	36 055	16 372	52 427
February	10 331	9 400	4 219	23 950	19 559	43 509
March	16 704	4 879	2 005	23 588	14 927	38 515
April	11 506	6 703	3 166	21 375	21 897	43 272
May	19 170	13 673	3 702	36 545	39 869	76 414

⁽a) Refer to Explanatory Notes paragraph 12.





NEW OTHER RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

	Total houses	Semi-detache townhouses,	ed row or terrac etc. of	e houses,	Flats, units o	r apartments	in a building of		Total	Total new residential building
Period		One storey	Two or more storeys	Total	One or two storeys	Three storeys	Four or more storeys	Total		
• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
				DWELLI	ING UNITS (N	umber)				
1994-95	1 029	180	76	256	116	67	173	356	612	1 641
1995-96	931	101	65	166	234	9	96	339	505	1 436
1996-97	1 105	136	81	217	236	27	362	625	842	1 947
1997										
March	88	2	10	12	37	0	14	51	63	151
April	89	25	8	33	20	0	89	109	142	231
May	103	16	0	16	12	0	0	12	28	131
June	160	6	14	20	8	0	64	72	92	252
July	82	2	14	16	20	0	16	36	52	134
August	108	9	0	9	13	15	0	28	37	145
September	73	4	0	4	20	0	0	20	24	97
October	135	35	31	66	29	0	11	40	106	241
November	69	16	4	20	18	12	16	46	66	135
December	115	21	10	31	27	18	66	111	142	257
1998										
January	103	0	5	5	4	0	94	98	103	206
February	75	78	23	101	0	0	10	10	111	186
March	121	18	21	39	9	0	9	18	57	178
April	99	13	9	22	26	10	0	36	58	157
May	141	45	28	73	4	0	36	40	113	254
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		/ALUE (62000		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				٧	/ALUE (\$'000)				
1994-95	114 085	17 281	14 291	31 572	11 824	4 160	26 090	42 074	73 645	187 730
1995-96	98 842	8 129	8 103	16 232	15 091	1 040	13 595	29 726	45 958	144 800
1996-97	137 465	10 671	7 785	18 457	16 454	2 000	35 442	53 896	72 352	209 817
1997										
March	10 998	280	580	860	2 190	0	1 179	3 369	4 229	15 227
April	11 546	1 953	1 080	3 033	1 058	0	7 535	8 593	11 626	23 172
May	13 595	996	0	996	720	0	0	720	1 716	15 310
June	19 707	442	1 721	2 163	520	0	7 600	8 120	10 283	29 990
July	11 034	185	1 470	1 655	1 276	0	1 800	3 076	4 731	15 765
August	15 217	1 115	0	1 115	1 467	1 175	0	2 642	3 757	18 974
September	10 009	463	0	463	1 290	0	0	1 290	1 753	11 762
October	17 583	2 502	3 090	5 592	1 641	0	900	2 541	8 133	25 715
November	7 497	1 014	600	1 614	1 830	770	1 500	4 100	5 714	13 210
December	14 553	1 611	1 050	2 661	2 379	1 400	7 605	11 384	14 045	28 598
1998										
January	12 612	0	500	500	307	0	20 850	21 157	21 657	34 269
February	10 331	4 800	3 400	8 200	0	0	1 200	1 200	9 400	19 731
March	16 704	1 340	1 580	2 920	959	0	1 000	1 959	4 879	21 583
April	11 506	1 108	900	2 008	3 095	1 600	0	4 695	6 703	18 209
May	19 170	3 563	3 150	6 713	660	0	6 300	6 960	13 673	32 842

⁽a) See Glossary for definition.



NEW OTHER RESIDENTIAL BUILDING.....

	New houses		ched, row or wnhouses, et		Flats, units o	or apartmen	ts in a building	of	Total	Total new residential building
		One	Two or mo	ore	One or	Three	Four or mo	ore		
Statistical Area		storey	storeys	Total	two storeys	storeys	storeys	Total		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •			ΓS (Number)	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
NORTHERN TERRITORY	141	45	28	73	4	0	36	40	113	254
Darwin (SD)	92	37	26	63	4	0	36	40	103	195
Darwin City (SSD)	11	4	4	8	0	0	36	36	44	55
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	81	33	22	55	4	0	0	4	59	140
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	49	8	2	10	0	0	0	0	10	59
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alligator (SSD)	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Daly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Arnhem (SSD)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Lower Top End (SSD)	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Katherine (T)	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
D 11 (00D)	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_
Barkly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennant Creek (T)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central NT (SSD)	5	8	2	10	0	0	0	0	10	15
Alice Springs (T)	4	8	2	10	0	0	0	0	10	14
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	VALUE (\$	·'000)	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
NODTHERN TERRITORY	10 170	2 562	2.450	6 712	660	0	6 200	6.060	12.672	20.040
NORTHERN TERRITORY	19 170	3 563	3 150	6 713	660	U	6 300	6 960	13 673	32 842
Darwin (SD)	12 962	2 813	2 980	5 793	660	0	6 300	6 960	12 753	25 715
Darwin City (SSD)	1 722	300	1 100	1 400	0	0	6 300	6 300	7 700	9 422
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	11 240	2 513	1 880	4 393	660	0	0	660	5 053	16 293
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	6 208	750	170	920	0	0	0	0	920	7 127
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	4 012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4 012
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alligator (SSD)	518	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	518
Daly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Arnhem (SSD)	560	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	560
Lower Top End (SSD)	280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	280
Katherine (T)	280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	280
Barkly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennant Creek (T)	0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
remain Greek (1)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Central NT (SSD)	838	750	170	920	0	0	0	0	920	1 757
Alice Springs (T)	738	750	170	920	0	0	0	0	920	1 657
. 5 . ,										

⁽a) See Glossary for definition.

Period	New houses	New other residential building	New residential building	Alterations and additions to residential buildings(a)	Total residential building	Non- residential building	Total building
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	ORIGINAL (\$	million)	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •
1994-95	88.2	64.9	153.1	23.1	176.3	169.8	346.1
1995-96	73.4	39.5	112.8	20.3	133.3	200.4	333.7
1996-97	97.8	61.2	159.1	16.7	175.9	214.4	390.2
1996							
December	27.0	15.3	42.4	4.9	47.3	56.3	103.6
1997							
March	19.8	9.1	28.9	3.5	32.5	30.1	62.6
June	31.4	19.8	51.2	4.8	56.0	45.8	101.8
September	25.3	8.5	33.8	3.4	37.2	44.9	82.1
December	27.6	23.1	50.6	4.1	54.7	47.1	101.9
1998							
March	27.7	29.6	57.3	5.6	62.9	43.8	106.6
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	ORIGINA	L (% change from	n preceding o	uarter)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1996		Ortidity	LE (70 change not	ii preceding e	(darter)		
December	37.8	-10.0	15.8	40.0	18.0	-31.5	-15.2
1997							
March	-26.7	-40.5	-31.8	-28.6	-31.3	-46.5	-39.6
June	58.6	117.6	77.2	37.1	72.3	52.2	62.6
September	-19.4	-57.1	-34.0	-29.2	-33.6	-2.0	-19.4
December	9.1	171.8	49.7	20.6	47.0	4.9	24.1
1998							
March	0.4	28.1	13.2	36.6	15.0	-7.0	4.6

⁽a) Refer to Explanatory Notes paragraph 12.

	Hotels, motels and other short term accomm-				Other business				Entertainment and	Miscellan-	Total non- residential
	odation	Shops	Factories	Offices	premises	Educational	Religious	Health	recreational	eous	building
Period	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	PRIVATE	SECTOR	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • •
1994-95 1995-96 1996-97	25 584 38 821 26 940	37 862 14 599 71 060	3 940 3 212 4 996	6 261 13 302 18 793	10 489 19 837 18 289	3 922 5 256 6 476	0 609 180	1 027 3 210 373	3 536 10 216 2 004	5 524 3 693 4 290	98 145 112 754 153 401
1997											
May	0	583	500	325	1 181	0	0	0	0	50	2 639
June	4 560	6 954	560	1 482	730	1 630	0	0	630	0	16 546
July	530 250	2 804 635	1 650 80	403 1 875	1 466 3 146	908 511	591 0	0	476 130	100	8 928 6 852
August September	250	3 158	0	212	3 146 684	211	0	54	130 1 725	225 0	5 833
October	0	2 409	382	350	2 565	0	0	0	1 782	230	7 718
November	0	1 608	300	830	1 294	0	0	200	0	0	4 232
December	0	552	897	861	1 401	88	0	0	0	2 579	6 377
1998											
January	0	238	300	956	892	290	0	152	90	0	2 918
February	0	1 361	0	870	4 689	475	0	0	65	0	7 460
March	0	719	100	1 952	2 445	0	0	0	8 014	425	13 654
April	0	6 098	600	567	1 305	300	0	80	0	146	9 096
May	0	5 378	0	1 237	1 530	0	0	0	0	247	8 392
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	DUDUO	SECTOR	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
					PUBLIC	SECTOR					
1994-95	0	1 762	11 706	3 466	2 354	28 985	0	1 631	2 016	34 431	86 352
1995-96	0	4 246	1 824	13 412	14 147	26 037	2 361	1 433	11 551	34 279	109 290
1996-97	1 648	3 369	12 691	8 987	5 074	36 304	0	2 460	4 458	12 858	87 848
1997											
May	150	0	0	1 095	130	5 560	0	0	0	555	7 490
June	103	0	0	250	0	5 504	0	0	0	0	5 857
July	0	0	0	0	21 000	1 710	0	0	0	0	22 710
August	0	0	0	2 000	0	0	0	0	128	1 555	3 683
September October	0 0	0	80	0	0	0	0	711	0	2 714	3 505
November	0	52 0	0 0	12 100 0	0	214 0	0 0	0	0 400	3 572 0	15 938 400
December	0	0	0	400	460	1 927	0	447	0	16 517	19 751
1998	· ·	· ·	ŭ	.00		102.	· ·		ŭ	20 02.	
January	0	0	0	646	0	7 383	0	125	3 200	2 100	13 454
February	0	0	0	0	0	7 431	0	205	0	4 463	12 099
March	0	142	0	50	330	402	0	115	0	234	1 273
April	0	0	0	0	10 100	1 510	0	0	122	1 069	12 801
May	0	0	0	14 170	9 260	0	0	0	0	8 047	31 477
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	ТО	TAL	• • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
1994-95	25 584	39 624	15 646	9 727	12 844	32 907	0	2 658	5 552	39 955	184 496
1995-96	38 821	18 845	5 036	26 714	33 984	31 293	2 969	4 643	21 767	37 972	222 043
1996-97	28 588	74 429	17 686	27 781	23 363	42 780	180	2 833	6 462	17 148	241 249
1997											
May	150	583	500	1 419	1 311	5 560	0	0	0	605	10 129
June	4 663	6 954	560	1 732	730	7 134	0	0	630	0	22 402
July	530	2 804	1 650	403	22 466	2 618	591	0	476	100	31 638
August	250	635	80	3 875	3 146	511	0	0	258	1 780	10 535
September	0	3 158	80	212	684	0	0	765	1 725	2 714	9 338
October	0	2 461	382	12 450	2 565	214	0	0	1 782	3 801	23 655
November	0	1 608	300	830	1 294	0	0	200	400	0	4 632
December	0	552	897	1 261	1 861	2 015	0	447	0	19 095	26 128
1998	^	000	202	4.000	000	7 070	^	070	2.000	0.400	16.070
January February	0 0	238 1 361	300 0	1 602 870	892 4 689	7 673 7 906	0 0	278 205	3 290 65	2 100 4 463	16 372 19 559
March	0	862	100	2 002	4 689 2 775	7 906 402	0	205 115	8 014	4 463 659	19 559 14 927
April	0	6 098	600	2 002 567	11 405	1 810	0	80	122	1 215	14 927 21 897
May	0	5 378	0	15 407	10 790	0	0	0	0	8 294	39 869
iviay	3	3310	J	10 401	10 130	O	U	U	O	0 204	33 303



BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL AREAS

	DWELLINGS (No.)			VALUE (\$'000)						
Statistical Area	New houses	New other residential building	Total dwellings(a)	New houses	New other residential building	Alternations and additions to residential buildings(b)	Total residential buildings	Non- residential building	Total building	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	
			PRIV	ATE SECTO	R					
NORTHERN TERRITORY	126	113	241	17 089	13 673	3 044	33 806	8 392	42 198	
Darwin (SD)	87	103	190	12 174	12 753	1 786	26 712	6 645	33 357	
Darwin City (SSD)	10	44	54	1 612	7 700	1 362	10 674	6 575	17 249	
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	77	59	136	10 562	5 053	424	16 038	70	16 108	
Northern Territory Balance (SSD)	39	10	51	4 915	920	1 258	7 093	1 747	8 840	
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	31	0	33	3 468	0	684	4 152	1 331	5 483	
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alligator (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
East Arnhem (SSD)	2	0	2	560	0	0	560	0	560	
Lower Top End (SSD)	3	0	3	280	0	201	481	220	701	
Katherine (T)	3	0	3	280	0	201	481	220	701	
radionie (i)	J	Ü	Ü	200	Ŭ	201	101	220	101	
Barkly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tennant Creek (T)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central NT (SSD)	3	10	13	608	920	374	1 901	196	2 097	
Alice Springs (T)	3	10	13	608	920	374	1 901	196	2 097	
			PUB	LIC SECTOR	?					
NORTHERN TERRITORY	15	0	15	2 081	0	658	2 739	31 477	34 217	
Darwin (SD)	5	0	5	788	0	139	927	4 317	5 245	
Darwin City (SSD)	1	0	1	110	0	139	249	3 970	4 219	
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	4	0	4	678	0	0	678	347	1 026	
Northern Territory Balance (SSD)	10	0	10	1 292	0	520	1 812	27 160	28 972	
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	4	0	4	544	0	0	544	11 660	12 204	
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	159	159	0	159	
Alligator (SSD)	4	0	4	518	0	361	879	0	879	
Daly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
East Arnhem (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 500	2 500	
Lower Top End (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13 000	13 000	
Katherine (T)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
• •										
Barkly (SSD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tennant Creek (T)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central NT (SSD)	2	0	2	230	0	0	230	0	230	
Alice Springs (T)	2 1	0	1	130	0	0	130	0	130 130	
, 1100 OpiniBo (1)	_	O	-	100	O .	3	100	0	100	

.....



Statistical Area	New houses	New other residential building	Total dwellings(a)	New houses	New other residential building	Alternations and additions to residential buildings(b)	Total residential buildings	Non- residential building	Total building
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	Т	TOTAL	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •
NORTHERN TERRITORY	141	113	256	19 170	13 673	3 702	36 545	39 869	76 414
Darwin (SD) Darwin City (SSD)	92 11	103 44	195 55	12 962 1 722	12 753 7 700	1 925 1 501	27 640 10 923	10 962 10 545	38 602 21 468
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	81	59	140	11 240	5 053	424	16 717	417	17 134
Northern Territory Balance (SS	D) 49	10	61	6 208	920	1 778	8 905	28 907	37 812
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) Bathurst-Melville (SSD)	35 0	0 0	37 0	4 012 0	0 0	684 159	4 696 159	12 991 0	17 687 159
Alligator (SSD)	4 0	0	4 0	518 0	0	361 0	879 0	0	879
Daly (SSD) East Arnhem (SSD)	2	0	2	560	0	0	560	2 500	0 3 060
Lower Top End (SSD) Katherine (T)	3 3	0	3 3	280 280	0 0	201 201	481 481	13 220 220	13 701 701
Barkly (SSD) Tennant Creek (T)	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Central NT (SSD) Alice Springs (T)	5 4	10 10	15 14	838 738	920 920	374 374	2 131 2 031	196 196	2 327 2 227

⁽a) Includes conversions and dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions or the construction of non-residential building.

⁽b) Refer to Explanatory Notes paragraph 12.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

1 This publication presents monthly details of building work approved.

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- **2** Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:
- permits issued by licensed Private Building Certifiers or the Building Branch,
 Northern Territory Department of Lands, Planning and Environment, in areas subject to building control by those authorities;
- contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities;
- major building activity in areas not subject to normal administrative approval e.g. building on remote mine sites.
- **3** The scope of the survey comprises the following activities:
- construction of new buildings
- alterations and additions to existing buildings
- approved non-structural renovation and refurbishment work
- approved installation of integral building fixtures

From July 1990, the statistics include:

- all approved new residential building valued at \$10,000 or more
- approved alterations and additions to residential building valued at \$10,000 or more
- all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

Excluded from the statistics is:

 construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks, etc.). Statistics for this activity can be found in Engineering Construction Activity, Australia (8762.0).

VALUE DATA

4 Value data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value of building work when completed as reported on approval documents. Such value data excludes the value of land and landscaping but includes site preparation. These estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of 'houses'. However, for 'other residential buildings' and 'non-residential buildings', these estimates can differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

OWNERSHIP

5 Building ownership is classified as either public or private sector and is based on the sector of intended owner of the completed building at the time of approval. Residential buildings constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes are classified as public sector when the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the building on or before completion. Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the private sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the public sector.

BUILDING CLASSIFICATIONS

- **6** Building approvals are classified both by the Type of Building (e.g. 'house', 'factory') and by the Type of Work involved (e.g. 'new', 'alterations' and 'additions'). These classifications are often used in conjunction with each other to describe building approvals in this publication.
- **7** The Type of Building classification refers to the intended major function of a building. A building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building, not to the function of the group as a whole.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

BUILDING CLASSIFICATIONS continued

- **8** An example is the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. For instance, a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while the factory buildings would be classified to Factories.
- **9** An exception to this rule is the treatment of group accommodation buildings. For example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Education.
- **10** In the case of a large multi-function building, i.e. a single large physical building which, at the time of approval is intended to have more than one purpose (e.g. a hotel/shops/casino project), the ABS endeavours to split the approval details according to each main function.
- 11 Where this is not possible because separate details cannot be obtained, the building is classified to the predominant function of the building on the basis of the function which represents the highest proportion of the total value of the project.
- **12** The Type of Work classification refers to the building activity carried out: New; Alterations and additions; or Conversion. See the Glossary for definitions of these terms. Prior to the April 1998 issue of this publication, Conversions were published as part of a category called 'Conversions, etc.'. From the April 1998 issue onwards, Conversion jobs are included within existing categories, as follows: in tables 1 and 7 the number of Conversions are included in the appropriate Type of Building category, while the value of Conversions are included in the 'Alterations and additions to residential buildings' category in tables 2 and 7.

13 Smoothing seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular

- component of the seasonally adjusted series and creates trend estimates. For monthly series, these trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months of the respective seasonally adjusted series except the last six months. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. For further information, see A Guide to Interpreting Time Series—Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview (1348.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on (02) 6252 6345.
- **14** While the smoothing techniques described in paragraph 18 enables trend estimates to be produced for the latest few periods, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates as new data becomes available. Generally, revisions become smaller over time and, after three months, usually have a negligible impact on the series. Revisions to the original data and re-analysis of seasonal factors may also lead to revisions to the trend.

CONSTANT PRICE ESTIMATES

TREND ESTIMATES

- 15 Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwelling and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 16 Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. For more information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates, see Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0). Monthly value data at constant prices are not available.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD
GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION
(ASGC)

17 Area statistics are now being classified to the *Australian Standard Geographic Classification*, *1996 Edition* (1216.0), effective 1 July 1996 and Australian Standard Geographic Classification terminology has been adopted in the presentation of building statistics.

UNPUBLISHED DATA

18 The ABS can also make available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where the data cannot be provided by telephone, it can be provided via fax, photocopy, computer printout, floppy disk and email. A charge may be made for providing unpublished data in these forms.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- **19** Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:
- Building Activity, Australia (8752.0)
- Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements (8750.0)
- Building Activity, Northern Territory (8752.7)
- Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0)
- Engineering Construction Activity, Australia (8762.0)
- Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (5609.0)
- Price Index of Materials Used in House Building (6408.0)
- Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building (6407.0)
- House Price Indexes: Eight Capital Cities (6416.0).

ROUNDING

When figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

n.a. not availableSD Statistical DivisionSSD Statistical Subdivision

T Town

GLOSSARY

Alterations and additions Building activity carried out on existing buildings. Includes adding to or

diminishing floor area, altering the structural design of a building and affixing

rigid components which are integral to the functioning of the building.

Alterations and additions to residential buildings

Alterations and additions carried out on existing residential buildings, which may

result in the creation of new dwelling units. See also Explanatory Notes

paragraph 12.

Building A building is a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended

purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design is the provision for regular

access by persons in order to satisfy its intended use.

Conversion Building activity which converts a non-residential building to a residential

building, e.g. conversion of a warehouse to residential apartments. Conversion is considered to be a special type of alteration, and these jobs have been separately identified as such from the July 1996 reference month. See also Explanatory

Notes paragraph 12.

Dwelling unit A dwelling unit is a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing

facilities and intended for long-term residential use. Regardless of whether they are self-contained or not, units within buildings offering institutional care (e.g. hospitals) or temporary accommodation (e.g. motels, hostels and holiday apartments) are not defined as dwelling units. Such units are included in the appropriate category of non-residential building approvals. Dwelling units can be created in one of four ways: through new work to create a residential building; through alteration/addition work to an existing residential building; through either new or alteration/addition work on non-residential building or through

conversion of a non-residential building to a residential building.

Educational Includes schools, colleges, kindergartens, libraries, museums and universities.

Entertainment and I recreational

nment and Includes clubs, cinemas, sport and recreation centres.

Factories Includes paper mills, oil refinery buildings, brickworks and powerhouses.

Flats, units or apartments Dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common

entrance, foyer or stairwell.

Health Includes hospitals, nursing homes, surgeries, clinics and medical centres.

Hotels, motels and other short Includes hostels, boarding houses, guest houses, and holiday apartment

term accommodation buildings.

House A house is a detached building primarily used for long term residential purposes.

It consists of one dwelling unit. For instance, detached 'granny flats' and detached dwelling units (eg. caretakers residences) associated with a

non-residential building are defined as houses.

Miscellaneous Includes justice and defence buildings, welfare and charitable homes, prisons and

reformatories, maintenance camps, farming and livestock buildings, veterinary

clinics, child-minding centres, police stations and public toilets.

GLOSSARY

New building work Building activity which will result in the creation of a building which previously

did not exist.

New other residential Building activity which will result in the creation of a residential building other buildings

than a house, which previously did not exist.

New residential Building activity which will result in the creation of any residential building

(house or other residential) which previously did not exist.

Non-residential building A non-residential building is primarily intended for purposes other than long

> term residential purposes. Note that, on occasions, one or more dwelling units may be created through non-residential building activity. Prior to the April 1998 issue of this publication, they have been included in the 'Conversions, etc.' column in tables showing dwelling units approved. They are now identified separately (e.g. see table 7). However, the value of these dwelling units cannot be separated out from that of the non-residential building which they are part of, therefore the value associated with these remain in the appropriate

Non-residential category.

Offices Includes banks, post offices and council chambers.

Other business premises Includes warehouses, service stations, transport depots and terminals, electricity

substation buildings, telephone exchanges, broadcasting and film studios.

Other dwellings Includes all dwellings other than houses. They can be created by: the creation of

> new other residential buildings (e.g. flats); alteration/addition work to an existing residential building; either new or alteration/addition work on non-residential building; conversion of a non-residential building to a residential building

creating more than one dwelling unit.

Other residential building An other residential building is a building other than a house primarily used for

> long-term residential purposes. An other residential building contains more than one dwelling unit. Other residential buildings are coded to the following categories: semi-detached, row or terrace house or townhouse with one storey; semi-detached, row or terrace house or townhouse with two or more storeys; flat, unit or apartment in a building of one or two storeys; flat, unit or apartment in a building of three storeys; flat, unit or apartment in a building of four or more storeys; flat, unit or apartment attached to a house; other/number of storeys unknown. The latter two categories are included with the semi-detached, row or

terrace house or townhouse with one storey category in table 9 of this

publication.

Includes convents, churches, temples, mosques, monasteries and noviciates. Religious

Residential building A residential building is a building consisting of one or more dwelling units.

Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings.

Semi-detached, row or terrace Dwellings having their own private grounds with no other dwellings above or

houses, townhouses

Shops Includes retail shops, restaurants, taverns and shopping arcades.

SELF-HELP ACCESS TO STATISTICS

PHONE Call 1900 986 400 for the latest statistics on CPI, Labour

Force, Earnings, National Accounts, Balance of Payments

and other topics (call cost is 75c per minute).

INTERNET http://www.abs.gov.au

LIBRARY A range of ABS publications is available from public and

tertiary libraries Australia wide. Contact your nearest library to determine whether it has the ABS statistics you require.

WHY NOT SUBSCRIBE?

PHONE +61 1300 366 323

FAX +61 03 9615 7848

CONTACTING THE ABS

ABS provides a range of services, including: a telephone inquiry service; information consultancy tailored to your needs; survey, sample and questionnaire design; survey evaluation and methodological reviews; and statistical training.

INQUIRIES		By phone	By fax
	Canberra	02 6252 6627	02 6253 1404
	Sydney	02 9268 4611	02 9268 4668
	Melbourne	03 9615 7755	03 9615 7798
	Brisbane	07 3222 6351	07 3222 8283
	Perth	08 9360 5140	08 9360 5955
	Adelaide	08 8237 7400	08 8237 7566
	Hobart	03 6222 5800	03 6222 5995
	Darwin	08 8943 2111	08 8981 1218

POST Client Services, ABS, PO Box 10, Belconnen, ACT 2616



ISSN 0813-1260

RRP \$15.00